I	Case 3:23-cv-02880-JSC Document 56	5 Filed 06/14/23 Page 1 of 12	
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15	Counsel for Defendant Microsoft Corp.		
16	[Additional counsel identified on signature page in accordance with Local Rule 3-4(a)(1)]		
	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
17	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION		
18	FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION	Case No. 3:23-CV-2880-JSC	
19	Plaintiff,	NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION	
20		FOR EXPEDITED CASE MANAGEME	ENT
21	V.	CONFERENCE	
22	MICROSOFT CORP.	Judge: Hon. Jacqueline S. Corley	
23	and	No Hearing Date Set Pursuant to L.R. 7-11	
24	ACTIVISION BLIZZARD, INC.		
25			
26	Defendants.		
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	DEFENDANTS' NOTICI Case No. 3:23-CV-2880-JSC INITIAL CMC	E OF MOTION AND MOTION FOR EXPEDITED	

I	Case 3:23-cv-02880-JSC Document 56 Filed 06/14/23 Page 2 of 12
1	NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION
2	TO ALL PARTIES AND THEIR RESPECTIVE COUNSEL OF RECORD:
3	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Defendants Microsoft Corp. and Activision Blizzard, Inc.
4	will, and hereby do, move this Court to set an expedited case management conference in this matter.
5	The motion will be made based on this Notice of Motion and Motion, the Memorandum of Points
6	and Authorities herein, the Proposed Order, all other papers and pleadings on file in this action, and
7	any other written or oral argument or evidence that Defendants might present to the Court.
8	REQUESTED RELIEF
9	Defendants Microsoft and Activision request that the Court exercise its discretion to set an
10	expedited case management conference in this matter.
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	Case No. 3:23-CV-2880-JSC INITIAL CMC

## INTRODUCTION

2 This case involves the Federal Trade Commission's challenge to Microsoft Corporation's 3 proposed acquisition of Activision Blizzard, Inc. For the express purpose of being ready to conduct 4 a fulsome hearing in federal court in the event the FTC sought a preliminary injunction (not two 5 simultaneous proceedings in a federal and an administrative court), the parties agreed to expedite 6 pretrial matters in an FTC administrative proceeding that has been pending since December. The 7 parties have completed fact discovery and exchanged witness lists, exhibit lists, and expert reports. 8 Only one step remains before the case is ready for trial: expert depositions, which are currently 9 set to take place between June 21 and 30.

The case has been moving at this fast pace because time is of the essence. The merger 10 11 agreement by which Microsoft seeks to acquire Activision has a termination date of July 18, 2023. 12 The agreement also contains a \$3 billion termination fee. The FTC filed an administrative 13 complaint in December 2022. But they chose to file this suit-seeking a court order of 14 indeterminate length to prevent the transaction from closing-6 months after filing its 15 administrative complaint and only 6 weeks before the termination date. The FTC knows that a 16 preliminary injunction decision will determine whether the transaction succeeds or fails, yet 17 counsel claims that the preliminary injunction is required only to ensure there is time to complete 18 the administrative process. Let there be no doubt, a preliminary injunction ruling is the only 19 decision that matters under these challenging deadlines.

20 As history shows, the Court's ruling on the FTC's request for a preliminary injunction will 21 decide the fate of this transaction, particularly in light of the termination date of July 18, 2023. If 22 Defendants prevail, the FTC's longstanding and unbroken practice has been to walk away from its 23 challenge. On the other hand, if the Court grants a preliminary injunction, it will effectively block 24 the transaction because the FTC's process is "glacial" and one "[n]o substantial business transaction 25 could ever survive." FTC v. Occidental Petroleum Corp., 1986 WL 952, at \*13 (D.D.C. Apr. 29, 26 1986) (denving motion for preliminary injunction). This case illustrates the point. The FTC 27 hearing is set to start after the termination date. There will be no decision until late December 2023

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or early January 2024 at the earliest. That decision will not be final because the FTC recently concluded that such decisions are recommendations subject to the review of the Commissioners who authorized the complaint—a lengthy process that always results in a decision in the FTC's favor. Defendants' only recourse at that point is an appeal to a circuit court. Overall, this process takes several years—a timeframe no merger could survive. That is why FTC preliminary injunction hearings typically last at least five days—those hearings are the only hearings that will take place.

Defendants recognize the Court has issued an order temporarily restraining the transaction
and setting a hearing for June 22-23. But Defendants respectfully submit that an appropriate initial
step would be to hold an expedited case management conference at the Court's earliest
convenience—as soon as June 15, if possible given the Court's busy calendar—to establish an
appropriate schedule to resolve the FTC's challenge.

12 To be clear, Defendants have no interest in delaying the resolution of this matter. But 13 Defendants respectfully submit that a hearing of two days is not enough time to present the issues 14 in this case and that further discussion of the schedule is warranted. The stakes of this case are 15 high, and it involves important legal, factual, and economic issues. At minimum, Defendants 16 believe the Court should allow the hearing to extend into the week of June 26, to permit expert 17 discovery to conclude before the conclusion of the hearing, particularly given that the FTC's motion 18 for a temporary restraining order relies heavily on the reports submitted by their expert, Dr. Robin 19 Lee.

As demonstrated in the schedule below, Defendants believe that the hearing could be scheduled for a minimum of five days beginning on June 22 and running through the week of June 26 (or the soonest dates thereafter, based on the Court's busy schedule). To ensure the case proceeds on a viable schedule, Defendants request that the Court set a case management conference as soon as possible to further discuss the format and length of the hearing.

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## **BACKGROUND AND PROCEDURAL HISTORY**

Defendant Microsoft Corporation is a technology company that competes in the gaming
industry through its Xbox division. Defendant Activision Blizzard, Inc. is a video game developer

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and publisher. On January 18, 2022, Microsoft signed a Merger Agreement to acquire 100% of Activision for \$68.7 billion. The Agreement requires the parties to close by July 18, 2023.

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3 Shortly after the deal was announced, the FTC opened an investigation into the proposed 4 acquisition. During the FTC's nearly yearlong investigation, Defendants produced millions of 5 documents and sat for several investigational hearings. On December 8, 2022, the FTC filed an 6 administrative complaint before the FTC's Office of Administrative Law Judges, seeking to bar the 7 transaction under Section 7 of the Clayton Act and Section 5 of the FTC Act. See 16 CFR Part 3. 8 Unlike in most other merger challenges where the FTC simultaneously files a case in federal 9 court—because only a federal court has the power to preliminarily enjoin the transaction, see 15 10 U.S.C. § 53(b)—the FTC delayed filing a federal action until Monday. Instead, the FTC initially 11 scheduled an administrative hearing before the FTC's Chief ALJ on an eight-month calendar rather 12 than a five-month calendar (the "Part 3 proceeding"). See 16 CFR § 3.11(b)(4). That had the effect 13 of setting the hearing for August 2, 2023—when there was no preliminary-injunction proceeding 14 and when it was clear that the transaction's termination date (July 18, 2023) was weeks before the 15 hearing would even begin.

16 The FTC's administrative process is lengthy. In this case, the proceedings before the ALJ 17 would last until at least December 2023 (at the absolute earliest). Due to a recent rule change by 18 the FTC, that proceeding would culminate in a "recommended decision" to the Commissioners that 19 has no legal force of its own. FTC, Federal Register Notice: Amendments to Part 3 Rules (June 2, 20 https://www.ftc.gov/system/files/ftc gov/pdf/p072104-amendments-to-part-3-rules-2023), 21 frn.pdf. The ALJ's recommended decision would then be subject to automatic review by the 22 Commissioners. That review takes a long time: As of several decades ago, "the average time from 23 the initial decision to the final Commission decision exceeded 13 1/2 months," Occidental, 1986 WL 24 952, at \*13, and things have not improved materially since then. And as a former FTC 25 Commissioner has recognized, the Commissioners' review always results in a ruling in favor of the 26 FTC. Joshua D. Wright, Section 5 Revisited. See at 6 (Feb. 26, 2015). 27 https://tinyurl.com/y2v2m449 (describing FTC's undefeated record adjudicating complaints it

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voted out, regardless of the ALJ's decision). After that, Defendants would have a right to appeal to a federal circuit court and the U.S. Supreme Court, which would take still longer.

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3 Overall, this process would take several years, which no merger could survive. See, e.g., 4 FTC v. Foster, 2007 WL 1793441, at \*51 (D.N.M. May 29, 2007) (denying motion for preliminary 5 injunction and dissolving temporary restraining order, and noting that "the grant of a temporary 6 injunction in a Government antitrust suit is likely to spell the doom of an agreed merger." (citation 7 omitted)). For that reason, federal court proceedings under Section 13(b) are outcome 8 determinative. When the FTC wins, the transaction collapses. See, e.g., FTC v. Sysco Corp., 113 9 F. Supp. 3d 1 (D.D.C. 2015) (granting FTC request for preliminary injunction of proposed merger); 10 In re Sysco Corp., FTC Docket No. 9364 (describing the defendants' decision to abandon the deal 11 after losing at the preliminary-injunction hearing). When the FTC loses, it abandons its 12 administrative challenge. See, e.g., FTC v. Meta Platforms Inc., No. 5:22-CV-04325-EJD, 2023 13 WL 2346238 (N.D. Cal. Feb. 3, 2023) (denying FTC request for preliminary injunction of proposed 14 merger); In re Meta Platforms, Inc.; FTC Docket No. 9411 (noting that FTC dismissed its 15 administrative complaint).

16 To be prepared for the possibility that the FTC might eventually file a motion for 17 preliminary injunction in federal court in this matter, the parties have been cooperating to expedite 18 pretrial matters so that a federal judge can decide the matter in a timely fashion. Fact discovery is 19 complete. And expert discovery will close on June 23 (with one deposition taking place on June 20 30, by agreement of the parties). The FTC has disclosed one expert who has submitted over 350 21 pages of reports (currently set to be deposed on June 21), and whom they principally rely upon in 22 seeking emergency relief from this Court. Defendants have disclosed three experts (currently set 23 to be deposed between June 21 and 30).

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# ARGUMENT

The hearing on the FTC's motion for a preliminary injunction is not a trivial event. It is "well recognized that the issuance of a preliminary injunction prior to a full trial on the merits is an extraordinary and drastic remedy," and that this is "particularly true in the acquisition and merger

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context, because, as a result of the short life-span of most tender offers, the issuance of a preliminary injunction blocking an acquisition or merger may prevent the transaction from ever being consummated." *FTC v. Exxon Corp.*, 636 F.2d 1336, 1343–44 (D.C. Cir. 1980) (citations and internal quotation marks omitted). Defendants are aware of no situation where (1) a merger has closed after an unfavorable federal court decision on a preliminary injunction or (2) the FTC has pursued its administrative proceeding after losing in federal court.

7 While Defendants appreciate the Court's willingness to move quickly, Defendants
8 respectfully submit that an expedited case management conference would assist in setting an
9 appropriate schedule for efficiently and effectively resolving a case of this magnitude. Defendants
10 see two issues with the Court's suggested path forward, both of which would benefit from further
11 discussion.

*First*, the hearing date is currently set during expert discovery. While Defendants are prepared to accelerate the pace of expert discovery, Defendants submit that the parties and Court would benefit from having the experts deposed prior to the close of trial. That is particularly so because the FTC's motion for a temporary restraining order relies heavily on the testimony of its expert and the reports he submitted—making it all the more important that the Court have a full and complete expert record when adjudicating the FTC's motion.

18 Second, while Defendants believe the evidence can be presented expeditiously, Defendants 19 are not aware of situations where a matter of this scope and importance was decided on just two days of testimony. On the contrary, federal court preliminary injunction hearings typically last at 20 21 least five days, presumably because the hearing is the only one that will ever take place. See, e.g., 22 Meta Platforms Inc., 2023 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 29832 (7-day hearing); FTC v. Hackensack Meridian 23 Health, Inc., Civil Action No. 20-18140, 2021 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 158158 (D.N.J. Aug. 4, 2021) (7-24 day hearing); FTC v. Thomas Jefferson Univ., 2020-2 Trade Cas. (CCH) 81,469 (E.D. Pa. Dec. 8, 25 2020) (6-day hearing); FTC v. RAG-Stiftung, Civil Action No. 19-2337, 2020 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 26 18346 (D.D.C. Jan. 24, 2020) (two-week evidentiary hearing).

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Given the significance of this Court's decision on the FTC's preliminary injunction

2 motion, Defendants propose the following schedule:

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Event		Deadline/Date
Joint Case Management Staten	nent	June 14, 2023
Initial Case Management Conf	erence	June 15, 2023
Opposition to Preliminary Inju	nction	June 16, 2023
Reply in Support of Preliminar	y Injunction	June 20, 2023 (noon)
Pre-Hearing Conference		June 21, 2023
Close of Expert Discovery		June 23, 2023 <sup>1</sup>
Hearing		June 22, 2023 (running for a minimum of five days as soon thereafter as
		convenient for the Court)
Proposed Findings of Fact and	Conclusions of Law	Submitted two days after the close of
		evidence
Defendants would also be avail	able to take trial days	when the Court has availability rather th
setting the case in one full block	ζ.	

In conclusion, because the preliminary injunction hearing will decide the fate of the
 transaction, Defendants submit that a longer hearing is warranted and that the parties and Court
 would benefit from an opportunity to discuss and set an appropriate schedule for resolving this
 important matter.

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# **CIVIL LOCAL RULE 16 STATEMENT**

Counsel for Microsoft have conferred with all other counsel. Defendant Activision supports
this request for an expedited Initial Case Management Conference. Plaintiff Federal Trade
Commission has declined to join a request for an expedited Initial Case Management Conference.
Subject to the Court's order, the parties will meet and confer pursuant to Civil Local Rule 16-3 and
submit a Joint Case Management Statement setting out their respective scheduling proposals no
later than June 14, 2023, pursuant to Civil Local Rule 16-9 and the Standing Order for All Judges

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- 28 || <sup>1</sup> As noted above, the parties have agreed to one expert deposition currently slated for June 30, 2023. -8-

1	of the Northern District of Californ	ia.	
2	CONCLUSION		
3	Based on the circumstances described above, Microsoft and Activision jointly and		
4	respectfully request that the Court	issue the accompanying proposed Order setting an initial case	
5	management conference on June 15 or 16, 2023, and requiring the submission of a joint case		
6	management statement on June 14,	2023.	
7			
8	DATED: June 14, 2023	Respectfully submitted,	
9	By:	1	
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10		Rakesh N. Kilaru (pro hac vice)	
11		Kieran Gostin (pro hac vice)	
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18		$\mathbf{D}_{\mathrm{exc}} = \mathbf{O}_{\mathrm{exc}} \left( \mathbf{D}_{\mathrm{exc}} \mathbf{N}_{\mathrm{exc}} \right) \left( 1 - 1 \right) $	
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23		Counsel for Defendant Microsoft Corp.	
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	Case No. 3:23-CV-2880-JSC INITIAL C		

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 Case No. 3:23-CV-2880-JSC INITIAL	DANTS' NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION FOR EXPEDITED

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16			
	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
17	SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION		
18	FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION	Case No. 3	23-CV-2880-JSC
19	Plaintiff,	[PROPOS	ED] ORDER GRANTING
20	v.		FOR EXPEDITED INITIAL NAGEMENT CONFERENCE
21	MICROSOFT CORP.	Judge:	Hon. Jacqueline S. Corley
22	MICROSOFT CORF.	Judge.	fion. sacqueime 5. concy
23	and	No Hearing	g Date Set
	ACTIVISION BLIZZARD, INC.		
24			
25	Defendants.		
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	Case No. 3:23-CV-2880-JSC PROPOSED ORDER	GRANTING MOTIC	ON FOR EXPEDITED INITIAL CMC

I	Case 3:23-cv-02880-JSC Document 56 Filed 06/14/23 Page 12 of 12
1	[PROPOSED] ORDER
2	Having considered the Defendants' Motion for Expedited Initial Case Management
3	Conference, the Court hereby GRANTS the Motion and ORDERS that an Initial Case
4	Management Conference shall be scheduled for Thursday, June 15 or Friday, June 16.
5	The Court FURTHER ORDERS the parties to submit a Joint Case Management Statement
6	on or before Wednesday, June 14, 2023.
7	Data
8	Date: Hon. Jacqueline S. Corley UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
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	Case No. 3:23-CV-2880-JSC PROPOSED ORDER GRANTING MOTION FOR EXPEDITED INITIAL CMC