2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

16

91

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

March 25, 1890.

Ordered to be reprinted as amended.

A BILL

To declare unlawful trusts and combinations in restraint of trade and production.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all arrangements, contracts, agreements, trusts, or combinations between two or more citizens or corporations, or both, made with a view or which tend to prevent full and free competition in the importation, transportation, or sale of articles imported into the United States, or with a view or which tend to prevent full and free competition in articles of growth, production, or manufacture of any State or Territory of the United States with similar articles of the growth, production, or manufacture of any other State or Territory, or in the transportation or sale of like articles, the production of any State or Territory of the United States, into or within any other State or Territory of the United States, and all arrangements, trusts, or combinations between such citizens or corporations made with a view or which tend to advance the cost to the consumer of any such articles are hereby declared to be against public policy, unlawful, and void. circuit court of the United States shall have original jurisdiction of all suits of a civil nature at common law or in equity arising under this section and to issue all remedial process, orders, or writs proper and necessary to enforce its provi-And the Attorney-General and the several district attorneys are hereby directed, in the name of the United States, to commence and prosecute all such cases to final judgment and execution: Provided, That this Act shall not be construed to apply to any arrangements, agreements, or com-

1 2

binations between laborers made with the view of lessening the number of hours of their labor or of increasing their wages, nor to any arrangements, agreements, associations, or combinations among persons engaged in horticulture or agriculture made with the view of enhancing the price of their own agricultural or horticultural products.

SEC. 2. That any person or corporation injured or damnified by such arrangement, contract, agreement, trust, or combination defined in the first section of this Act may sue for and recover, in any court of the United States or any State of competent jurisdiction, without respect to the amount involved, of any person or corporation a party to a combination described in the first section of this Act twice the amount of damages sustained and the costs of the suit, together with a reasonable attorney's fee.

SEC. 3. That all persons engaged in the creation of any trust, or as owner or part owner, agent, or manager of any trust, employed in any business carried on with any foreign country, or between the States, or between any State and the District of Columbia, or between any State and any Territory of the United States, or any owner or part owner, agent, or manager of any corporation, company, or person employed in any such business using its powers for either of the purposes specified in the fourth section of this Act, shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be fined in a sum not exceeding ten thousand dollars, or imprisonment at hard labor in the penitentiary not exceeding five years, or by both of said penalties, in the discretion of the court trying the same.

SEC. 4. That a trust is a combination of capital, skill, or acts by two or more persons, firms, corporations, or associations of persons, or of any two or more of them, for either, any, or all of the following purposes:

First. To create or carry out any restrictions in trade. Second. To limit or reduce the production or to increase or reduce the price of merchandise or commodities

Third. To prevent competition in the manufacture, making, purchase, sale, or transportation of merchandise, produce, or commodities.

Fourth. To fix a standard or figure whereby the price to the public shall be in any manner controlled or established of any article, commodity, merchandise, produce, or commerce intended for sale, use, or consumption.

Fifth. To create a monopoly in the making, manufacture, purchase, sale, or transportation of any merchandise, article, produce, or commodity.

Sixth. To make, or enter into, or execute, or carry out any contract, obligation, or agreement of any kind or description by which they shall bind, or shall have bound themselves, not to manufacture, sell, dispose of, or transport any article or commodity, or article of trade, use, merchandise, or consumption below a common standard figure, or by which they shall agree, in any manner, to keep the price of such article, commodity, or transportation at a fixed or graduated figure, or by which they shall in any manner establish or settle the price of any article, commodity, or transportation between themselves, or between themselves and others, so as to preclude free and unrestricted competition among themselves and others in the sale and transportation of any such article or commodity, or by which they shall agree to pool, combine, or unite in any interest they may have in connection with the sale or transportation of any such article or commodity that its price may in any manner be so affected.

SEC. 5. That each day any of the persons, associations, or corporations aforesaid shall be engaged in violating the provisions of this act shall be held to be a separate offense.

SEC. 6. That for the purposes of this act the word "options" shall be understood to mean any contract or agreement whereby a party thereto, or any person, corporation, partnership, or association, for whom or in whose behalf such contract or agreement is made, acquires the right or privilege, but is not thereby obligated, to deliver to another at a future time or period any of the articles mentioned in section three of this Act.

SEC. 7. That for the purposes of this Act the word "futures" shall be understood to mean any contract or agreement whereby a party agrees to sell and deliver at a future time to another any of the articles mentioned in section three of this Act when at the time of making such contract or agreement the party so agreeing to make such delivery, or the party for whom he acts as agent, broker, or employee in making such contract or agreement, is not at the time of making the same the owner of the article so contracted and agreed to be delivered: *Provided*, That this Act shall not apply to contracts for the delivery at any one time of articles of not more than fifty dollars in value.

SEC. 8. That the articles to which the foregoing sections relate are wheat, corn, oats, rye, barley, cotton, and all other farm products; also beef, pork, lard, and all other hog and cattle products.

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18 19

20

 $\frac{21}{22}$

23

24

25

26

1 2

3

4

5

6 7

8 9

10

11

12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19

SEC. 9. That for the purpose of preventing and suppressing, as far as may be, the dealing in options and futures as herein defined, special taxes are imposed as follows: Dealers in "options" or "futures" shall pay annually the sum of one thousand dollars, and shall also pay the further sum of five cents per pound for each and every pound of cotton or of beef, pork, lard, or other hog and cattle products, and the sum of twenty cents per bushel for each and every bushel of any of the articles mentioned in section three of this act, the right or privilege of delivering which may be acquired under any "options" contract or agreement, as defined by section one of this act, or which may be sold to be delivered at a future time or period under any "futures" contract or agreement as defined in section two of this act, which said amounts shall be paid to the collector of internal revenue, as hereinafter provided, and by him accounted for, as required in respect to other special taxes collected by him. Every person, association, copartnership, or corporation who shall, in their own behalf, or as broker, agent, or employee of another, deal in "options," or make any "options" contract or agreement, as hereinbefore defined, shall be deemed a dealer in "options," and every person, association, copartnership, or corporation who shall, in their own behalf, or as broker, agent, or employee of another, deal in "futures," or make any "futures" contract or agreement, as hereinbefore defined, shall be deemed a dealer in "futures."

SEC. 10. That every person, association, copartnership, or corporation engaged in, or proposing to engage in, the business of dealer in "options" or of dealer in "futures," as hereinbefore defined, shall, before commencing such business or making any such "options" or "futures" contract or agreement, make application in writing to the collector of internal revenue for the district in which he proposes to engage in such business or make such contract or agreement, setting forth the name of the person, association, partnership, or corporation, place of residence of the applicant, the business engaged in, and where such business is to be carried on, and in case of partnership, association, or corporation, the names and places of residence of the several persons constituting the same, and shall thereupon pay to such collector the sum aforesaid of one thousand dollars, and shall also execute and deliver to such collector a bond in the penal sum of fifty thousand dollars with two or more sureties satisfactory to the collector, conditioned upon the full and faithful compliance by the obligor therein with all the

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

1

2

3

4

5

6

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

requirements of this Act. And thereupon the collector shall issue to such applicant a certificate in such form as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall prescribe, that such applicant is authorized for the period of one year from the date of such certificate to be a dealer in "options" or "futures" and to make "options" or "futures" contracts or agreements. as hereinbefore defined; and for the period specified in such certificate the party to whom it is issued may conduct the business of dealer as aforesaid. Such certificate may be renewed annually upon the compliance with the provisions of this Act, and any "options" or "futures" contract or agreement as defined by this Act shall be absolutely void between the parties thereto and their respective assigns, unless the party making such contract or agreement shall have at the time of making the same a certificate as aforesaid authorizing the making thereof.

SEC. 11. That it shall be the duty of the collector to keep in his office a register containing a copy of each and every application made to him under the foregoing section and a statement in connection therewith as to whether a certificate had been issued thereon and for what period, which book or register shall be a public record and be subject to inspection of any and all persons desiring to examine the same.

SEC. 12. That every "options" or "futures" contract or agreement as hereinbefore defined shall be in writing and signed in duplicate by the parties making the same; and any such contract or agreement not so made and signed shall, as between the parties thereto and their assigns, be absolutely void.

SEC. 13. That it shall be the duty of every person, copartnership, association, or corporation, on the first day of the week next succeeding the date of the certificate issued to them, and on the first day of each and every week thereafter, to make to the collector of the district in which any "options" or "futures" contract or agreement has been made full and complete return and report under oath of any and all such contracts or agreements made or entered into by such person, copartnership, association, or corporation during the previous week, together with a statement of the article or articles embraced in or covered by such contracts or agreements, and the amounts, respectively, of each, and the name of the party or parties with whom such contracts or agreements have been made, and at the same time to pay to such collector the amount of the tax hereinbefore required of five cents per pound on each and every pound of cotton, and of beef,

1 2

pork, lard, or any other hog and cattle products, and of twenty cents per bushel on each and every bushel of any of the other articles mentioned in section three of this Act, which are the subject of or covered by such contracts or agreements, or any of them, for which sums such collector shall give his receipt to the party so paying, and the sums so collected shall be accounted for by the collector as provided by law in respect to other taxes collected by him.

SEC. 14. That every person who shall in his own behalf, or in behalf of any other person, association, partnership, or corporation, enter into any "options" or "futures" contract or agreement as defined by this Act, without having a certificate of authority from the collector as hereinbefore provided, and covering the time at which such contract or agreement shall be made, shall, besides being liable for the amounts prescribed in section four of this Act, be fined not less than five thousand dollars and not more than ten thousand dollars for each and every such offense. And every person who shall make to the collector a false or fraudulent return or report required by section eight of this Act shall be subject to a fine of not less than five thousand dollars nor more than ten thousand dollars, or to imprisonment for not less than six months or more than two years, or to both such fine and imprisonment.

SEC. 15. That neither the payment of the taxes required or the certificate issued by the collector under this Act shall be held to legalize dealing in "options" and "futures," nor to exempt any person, association, copartnership, or corporation from any penalty or punishment now or hereafter provided by the laws of any State for making contracts or agreements such as are hereinbefore defined as "options" or "futures" contracts or agreements, or in any manner to authorize the making of such contracts or agreements within any State or locality contrary to the laws of such State or locality; nor shall the payment of the taxes imposed by this Act be held to prohibit any State or municipality from placing a tax or duty on the same trade, transaction, or business for State, municipal, or other purposes.

SEC. 16. That section thirty-two hundred and nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States is, so far as applicable, made to extend and apply to the taxes imposed by this Act and to the persons upon whom they are imposed.