Exhibit A

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, et al.,

Plaintiffs,

Case No. 1:20-cv-03010-APM

HON. AMIT P. MEHTA

v.

GOOGLE LLC,

Defendant.

STIPULATION AND [PROPOSED] ORDER REGARDING DISCOVERY PROCEDURE

WHEREAS, Rule 26(f) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure states that the Parties must develop a proposed discovery plan that states the Parties' views and proposals on, among other things, "any issues about disclosure, discovery, or preservation of electronically stored information, including the form or forms in which it should be produced," Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(f)(3)(C);

WHEREAS, the Parties mutually seek to reduce the time, expense, and other burdens of discovery of certain electronically stored information ("ESI") and privileged materials, as described further below, and to better define the scope of their obligations with respect to preserving such information and materials;

WHEREAS, the Parties therefore are entering into this Stipulation with the request that the Court enter it as an Order;

NOW THEREFORE, it is hereby STIPULATED and ORDERED:

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS & DEFINITIONS

1. Except as specifically set forth herein, this Stipulation and Order does not alter or affect the applicability of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or Local Rules for the United States District Court for the District of Columbia.

2. The production specifications set forth in this Stipulation and Order apply to Documents and ESI that is to be produced in the first instance in the above-captioned litigation. To the extent any Producing Party reproduces Documents or ESI previously produced by any Party or Non-Party during a pre-complaint investigation of the subject matter of this litigation, that Party may reproduce such Documents or ESI in the manner in which it was produced to that Party. No Party is obligated to reformat any such prior production in accordance with the production specifications in this Stipulation and Order. Prior productions are nevertheless subject to the privilege obligations set forth in Section IV of this Stipulation and Order.

3. The terms used in this Stipulation and Order that are also used in the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure have the same meaning that they have under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, unless otherwise provided in this Stipulation and Order. Whenever the terms set forth below are used in this Stipulation and Order, the following definitions apply:

(a) "Complaint" means the complaint filed by the United States and 11 State
 Attorneys General on October 20, 2020, or any subsequent and operative complaint, in the
 above-captioned litigation.

(b) "Custodian" means any individual, department, business unit, or division of a Party or Non-party that has possession, custody, or control of Documents, ESI, or data sources.

(c) "Custodial Data Source" means Documents or ESI kept, used, or maintained by a Custodian, including but not limited to personal computers used for business

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purposes, work stations, email mailboxes (including all email folders, whether on a workstation, mobile device, email server, or local archive), mobile devices (such as cellphones or tablets), individual folders on networks, cloud storage systems, social media, and documents from a shared network file (including Google Drives) if the Custodian has access to that file, except that no provision of this Stipulation and Order shall require the preservation or production of Documents or ESI that is not reasonably accessible pursuant to Section II of this Stipulation and Order.

(d) "Deduplication" means the process of removing identical copies of documents during a Producing Party's review of ESI.

(e) "Documents" and "Electronically Stored Information" have the same definition as set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 34.

(f) "Native Format" means the file structure of a Document created by the original creating application (in contrast to a static image, which is a representation of ESI produced by converting a native file into a standard image format capable of being viewed and printed on standard computer systems, such as .TIFF or .PDF).

(g) "Non-Party" means any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal entity not named as a Party in the above-captioned litigation.

(h) "Party" or "Parties" means one or more of the parties in the abovecaptioned litigation.

(i) "Producing Party" means a Party or Non-Party that produces Documents,ESI, or other information in response to a formal or informal request for production ofDocuments, ESI, or other information.

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(j) "Requesting Party" means a Party that requests, formally or informally, the production of Documents, ESI, or other information.

(k) "Search Term" means a combination of words (including synonyms) and phrases designed to capture potentially relevant ESI, and includes strings of words and phrases joined by proximity and Boolean connectors or other syntax.

II. PRESERVATION

1. <u>Materials To Be Preserved.</u> Each Party will continue its retention practices with regards to all Documents and ESI in compliance with duties to preserve material under the Federal Rules of Evidence and the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, including Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 37(e). Upon mutual agreement of the Parties, a Party will modify its retention practices to ensure the preservation of potentially responsive Documents and ESI.

2. <u>No Discovery of Material Not Required to Be Preserved.</u> Absent a showing of extraordinary circumstances, the Parties shall not seek discovery of items that need not be preserved pursuant to the paragraph below. Any discovery request seeking such information must be served separately from discovery requests seeking other materials and must include a statement showing good cause for the discovery of such materials, considering the limitations set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(2)(C). If any general discovery request is susceptible to a construction that calls for the production of items that need not be preserved pursuant to this Stipulation and Order, such items need not be searched for, produced, or identified on a privilege log pursuant to Rule 26(b)(5).

3. <u>ESI That Is Not Reasonably Accessible.</u> The following categories of ESI are not reasonably accessible in this litigation:

(a) Information from handsets, mobile devices, personal digital assistants, and tablets that is duplicative of information that resides in a reasonable accessible data source;

(b) Logs of calls made from cellular phones;

(c) Voicemail messages;

(d) Deleted, slack, fragmented, or other data accessible only by forensics(nothing in this order authorizes the intentional deletion of ESI after the duty arose to preserve such ESI);

(e) Data stored in random access memory ("RAM"), temporary files, or other ephemeral data that are difficult to preserve without disabling the operating system;

(f) Online access data such as temporary or cache files, including internet history, web browser cache and cookie files, wherever located;

(g) Dynamic fields or databases or log files that are not retained in the usual course of business;

(h) Data that is not accessible through the operating system or software installed on a device; and

(i) Server, system, or network logs.

4. The Parties need not preserve for this litigation the categories of ESI listed in the paragraph above, unless on the date that this Stipulation and Order is entered by the Court, either Party has a policy that results in the routine preservation of such ESI, in which case such Party shall continue to preserve such ESI in accordance with its policy.

5. Nothing in this Stipulation and Order prevents any Party from asserting, in accordance with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, that other categories of Documents or ESI are not reasonably accessible.

6. <u>Preservation Does Not Affect Discoverability or Claims of Privilege.</u> By

preserving Documents and ESI for the purpose of this litigation, the Parties are not conceding that such material is discoverable, nor are they waiving any claim of privilege.

III. COLLECTION AND REVIEW

1. <u>Disclosure of Intended Search Methodology.</u> Each Producing Party will use reasonable search methodologies to collect, review, and produce relevant and responsive, nonprivileged Documents and ESI in response to requests for production. Prior to reviewing for and producing responsive Documents and ESI, a Producing Party shall disclose to the Requesting Party, if relevant, (1) the Search Terms it intends to use to search for and identify potentially responsive Documents and ESI; (2) the Custodial and non-Custodial Data Sources to which Search Terms shall be applied; (3) information sufficient for the Requesting Party to assess whether the chosen Custodial and non-Custodial Data Sources are appropriate; and (4) other disclosures reasonably necessary for the parties to meet and confer and resolve disputes related to search methodologies. Following such disclosures, the Parties shall meet and confer and use reasonable efforts to reach agreement on the search methodologies according to the provisions that follow. If the Parties cannot reach agreement following such disclosures and negotiations, they shall bring their disputes to the Court for resolution in a timely manner.

2. <u>Search Terms.</u> If a Producing Party intends to use Search Terms to limit its collection, review, or production of ESI, that Party or Non-Party shall disclose to the Requesting Party a table describing the collections of ESI for which it proposes to use Search Terms and the Search Terms that it proposes to use for each collection of ESI.

3. The Producing Party shall also make disclosures reasonably necessary for the Requesting Party to assess the efficacy of the proposed Search Terms including, but not limited to, (1) the number of documents responsive to the Search Terms collectively (total and broken

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down by custodian); and (2) the number of documents responsive to each proposed Search Term (total).

4. Upon request, the Producing Party shall also disclose any categories of documents that the Producing Party collected and processed, but mass marked non-responsive or otherwise excluded without individual review.

5. After receipt of the Search Terms and disclosures set forth above (to the extent requested) by a Producing Party, the Requesting Party shall raise any concerns and propose any additions or modification it may have to the Search Terms. The Requesting Party shall, upon request, explain the reasoning behind its additions or modifications.

6. The Producing Party will then either agree to the additions and/or modifications or decline to adopt them in writing. If the Producing Party declines to accept the additions and/or modifications, it will explain its reasoning and provide any counterproposals in writing.

7. The Parties agree and understand that such negotiations require a cooperative and a reasonably iterative process to evaluate and agree to Search Terms.

8. To the extent a Producing Party uses Search Terms to search for responsive documents, those Search Terms will be run against all of a Custodian's collected Documents.

9. <u>Technology Assisted Review</u>. As of the date of this Stipulation and Order, neither Party intends to use Technology Assisted Review ("TAR"), such as predictive coding, to determine whether documents are responsive or to otherwise limit the documents that it produces. If any Party or Non-Party wishes to use TAR instead of Search Terms to determine whether documents are responsive or to otherwise limit the documents that it produces, it shall notify the Requesting Party and provide it a proposed TAR protocol. The Requesting and Producing Parties shall then meet and confer in an attempt to negotiate an agreed-upon protocol.

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Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, a Producing Party shall not use TAR to determine whether documents are responsive or otherwise to limit the documents that it produces except in conformance with a written, agreed-upon protocol signed by counsel for the Parties.

10. <u>Attorney Communications.</u> The Parties agree that neither Party must preserve or produce in discovery the following categories of documents: documents sent solely between outside counsel for Google and its parent Alphabet, Inc. (or persons employed by or acting on behalf of such counsel); solely between outside counsel for Google and its parent Alphabet, Inc. (or persons employed by or acting on behalf of such counsel) and in-house counsel for Google and its parent Alphabet, Inc. (or persons employed by or acting on behalf of such counsel); solely between counsel for Google and its parent Alphabet, Inc. (or persons employed by or acting on behalf of such counsel); solely between counsel for one or more Plaintiffs (or persons employed by or acting on their behalf); solely between counsel for one or more Plaintiffs and counsel for any state (or persons employed by or acting on their behalf).

11. Filtering.

(a) Producing Parties must de-NIST electronic files, removing known,
 traceable software applications in the National Software Reference Library ("NIST List"),
 available at https://www.nist.gov/itl/ssd/software-quality-group/nsrl-download.

(b) If a Producing Party proposes to apply other filters to limit ESI that is collected for processing and review (e.g., filters that identify system files, non-user generated files, or zero-byte files), the Producing Party shall advise the Requesting Party and the Requesting and Producing Parties shall meet and confer regarding such additional proposed filters. If the Parties cannot reach agreement, they shall bring their dispute to the Court for resolution.

12. <u>Deduplication.</u>

(a) A Producing Party may deduplicate electronic files during their collection and review of Documents and ESI. Before doing so, the Producing Party will provide the Requesting Party with a written description of its proposed method for Deduplication, including the metadata fields used to calculate the hash value. The Requesting and Producing Parties shall meet and confer regarding the method for Deduplication, and if they cannot reach agreement, they shall bring their dispute to the Court for resolution.

(b) Once the Requesting and Producing Parties agree to a Deduplication methodology, it cannot be altered during the litigation without written notification to and consent from the Requesting Party or, if the parties cannot reach agreement on the modification, with leave of Court.

(c) A Producing Party will not seek to deduplicate: (1) hard copy documents;
(2) "loose" electronic documents (e.g., documents located on a Custodian's local drive) against versions of the document that are attached to emails; or (3) email attachments in one family against email attachments in another family.

(d) All document family groups (e.g., email attachments and embedded files)
 must be produced together except as limited by any claim of privilege and child files should
 follow parent files sequentially in document control numbering.

 (e) Deduplication should occur both vertically within each Custodian and horizontally across Custodians. Deduplication must be done in a way that preserves and produces
 (1) information on blind copy (bcc) recipients of deduplicated emails; (2) information on other Custodians whose files contain deduplicated Documents; and (3) original file path and, if applicable, the mailbox folder information.

IV. PRIVILEGE OBLIGATIONS

1. If a Producing Party determines that it has produced Documents or ESI upon which it wishes to make a claim of privilege, it shall, within fifteen (15) days of making such determination, give all counsel of record notice of the claim of privilege. The notice must identify each such document, unless the review requires additional time, in which case the Producing Party shall notify counsel of record and shall provide a date by which it will provide the identification. If the Producing Party claims that only a portion of a document is privileged, the Producing Party shall provide, along with the notice of the claim of privilege, a new copy of the document with the allegedly privileged portions redacted. Any Producing Party that complies with this paragraph will be deemed to have taken reasonable steps to rectify disclosures of privileged or protected information or materials.

2. If a Party identifies a document that appears on its face or in light of facts known to the Party to be subject to another Party or Non-Party's claim of privilege, the Party identifying the potential claim of privilege is under a good-faith obligation to notify the Party or Non-Party holding the potential claim of privilege. Such notification will not waive the identifying Party's ability to subsequently challenge any assertion of privilege with respect to the identified document. If the Party or Non-Party holding the potential claim of privilege, it shall provide notice, in accordance with paragraph above, within five (5) business days of receiving notice from the identifying Party.

3. Upon receiving notice of a claim of privilege on a produced document, the Requesting Party shall, in accordance with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B), promptly sequester the specified information and any copies it has and shall not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved. Copies of privileged documents or information that have been stored on electronic media that is not reasonably accessible, such as disaster recovery

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backup media, are adequately sequestered as long as they are not restored; if such data is restored, the Requesting Party shall take steps to re-sequester the restored information. If the Requesting Party disclosed the information before being notified, it shall take reasonable steps to prevent further use of such information until the claim is resolved.

4. If a Party wishes to dispute a claim of privilege on a produced document asserted under this Order, such Party shall promptly move the Court for an order compelling disclosure of the information. The Party shall follow the procedures described in Federal Rule 26(b)(5)(B) and shall not assert, as a ground for compelling disclosure, the fact or circumstances of the disclosure. Pending resolution of the motion, the Parties shall not use the challenged information for any other purpose and shall not disclose it to any person other than those required by law to be served with a copy of the sealed motion.

5. The Parties may stipulate to extend the periods specified in the paragraphs above.

6. Nothing in this Stipulation and Order overrides any attorney's ethical responsibilities to refrain from examining or disclosing materials that the attorney knows or reasonably should know to be privileged and to inform the disclosing party that such materials have been produced.

7. The Producing Party wishing to assert a claim of privilege retains the burden, upon challenge pursuant to the paragraph above, of establishing the applicability of the claimed privilege.

8. This Stipulation and Order does not preclude a Party or Non-Party from voluntarily waiving any claims of privilege.

9. Nothing in this Section shall be interpreted inconsistently with the Stipulated Scheduling and Case Management Order.

V. PRIVILEGE LOG

1. Unless otherwise provided herein, the Parties' privilege logs shall be consistent with the provisions of the Stipulated Scheduling and Case Management Order.

2. An email requires only one entry on the privilege log regardless of the number of emails in the thread contained within the message body of the email in question (i.e., earlier email(s) in a string of email communications that are included as part of the top-level email). For any email that appears on the privilege log, the author, recipient(s), subject, and date fields may be populated with the metadata from the top-level message and is not required to include metadata from any email embedded in the message body.

3. If an email contains both privileged and non-privileged communications, the nonprivileged communications must be produced, either by separately producing a copy of the nonprivileged communications embedded in the privileged communication, or by producing a copy of the entire communication string with the privileged portions redacted.

4. If an email is produced with redactions, the redactions must not obscure the headers (from, to, subject, sent date) of any embedded emails, unless the identity or contact information of a person is privileged or protected.

VI. PRODUCTION

1. <u>Procedures for Production.</u> The following procedures apply to producing Documents or ESI. Compliance with these procedures constitutes compliance with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 34(b)(2)(E) for this matter.

(a) <u>TIFF Plus Text Productions.</u> Except as stated otherwise below, ESI being produced by a Producing Party shall be converted to 300 dpi, single-page, black-and-white (no shades of gray) TIFF images using CCITT Group IV compression. Where color images are required by this Stipulation and Order, the images shall be in the form of .JPG images. Each page

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must be branded with a unique Bates number (or alternative document control number), which must not be an overlay of the image. Unless otherwise agreed by the Parties, the TIFF images must be produced electronically by secure FTP (to Google) or via the Justice Enterprise File Sharing System (JEFS) (to the United States), on optical media, or USB hard drive, accompanied by (1) an image cross reference file in Opticon[™] format (.OPT) that associates each Bates number with its corresponding single-page TIFF image file (or JPG image file for color images); (2) a "data load file" (.DAT) containing each of the applicable metadata and bibliographic fields described in Appendix A; (3) a comma delimited control list file (.LST) containing the Bates number and the full path to the extracted text/OCR text as it exists on the delivery media; and (4) Custodian Overlay files. The data load file must contain Concordance® delimited text that will populate fields in a searchable database environment, containing one line for each document. Nothing in this stipulation requires a Party to manually populate a metadata field in Appendix A (other than globally populated bibliographic fields such as MediaID, VolumeName, Company, Custodian, etc.) if such fields cannot be extracted from a Document.

(b) Load file volumes should be as large as practical but not contain more than 200,000 records each. Each volume directory should contain four (4) subdirectories (each may contain sub-directories with no more than 10,000 files per directory): (1) Doclink to contain linked native files; (2) Fulltext to contain extracted/OCR text files; (3) Images; and (4) Loadfiles to contain the .OPT, .LST, .DAT, and Custodian Overlay files.

(c) Documents produced on paper must be organized by Custodian and maintained in the order in which they appear in the files of the Custodian.

(d) Email.

(1) If a Producing Party redacts any part of an email before producingit, OCR text may be provided in place of extracted text.

(2) Email attachments must be processed and produced as though they were separate documents, and the text load file must include fields in which a Producing Party identifies, for each email, and its attachments the BegAttach and EndAttach of the family range.

(3) All hidden text (e.g. track changes, hidden columns, hidden rows, hidden slides, hidden worksheets, mark-ups, notes) shall be expanded and rendered in the extracted text file. For files that cannot be expanded, linked native files shall be produced in addition to extracted text and images.

(e) Word, WordPerfect, Google Docs and PDF files.

(1) For Word, WordPerfect, Google Docs, and PDF files, the text load file must contain the full extracted text from the document, unless the document has been redacted during privilege review, in which case the load file may contain OCR text.

(2) For Word, WordPerfect, Google Docs, and PDF files that contain comments or tracked changes that are not part of the ordinary text, the TIFF images must be generated based on how the document appears when first opened using view settings contained in the file.

(f) Microsoft PowerPoint and other presentation files ("Presentations") must be processed and produced as full color, half page, JPEG images with one slide per page. Any presenter notes must appear below each slide. Presentations must also be produced in Native Format in the Doclinks folder on the production media. The text load file must contain a field that identifies the file path of the native file corresponding to each Document. If Presentations

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contain privileged text that must be redacted before production, the Producing Party will image the redacted files and provide OCR text for the files. If a Presentation contains embedded Documents, those Documents must be processed and produced as though they were separate Documents with text load files containing BegAttach and EndAttach as described above.

(g) Microsoft Excel and other data spreadsheet files ("Spreadsheets") must also be produced in Native Format in the Doclinks folder on the production media using the same process as for producing Presentations. If Spreadsheets contain privileged text that must be redacted before production, a Producing Party will image the redacted spreadsheets showing all non-privileged hidden columns and provide OCR text for the files.

(h) Digital photographs must be produced as full color .JPG image files at their original resolution with Bates numbers branded onto them.

(i) Microsoft OneNote files, and files from programs that offer similar functionality as Microsoft OneNote, may be converted to PDF files prior to processing, review, and production. Producing Parties need not collect or produce an entire OneNote notebook if only certain sections or pages in the notebook are responsive.

(j) With respect to any other kinds of electronic data, including data from databases, CAD drawings, GIS data, videos, etc., a Producing Party must produce in Native Format or initiate a meet-and-confer to determine a reasonably usable form for the production. If the file is not one of the types described above, the Producing Party must provide a placeholder TIFF image that shows the name of the file and has a Bates number. If the Requesting and Producing Parties have not agreed on a production format for the ESI prior to the production, then Rule 34(b)(2)(E)(iii) shall not apply to the production.

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2. The Requesting Party has the option, after reviewing a black-and-white TIFF image, to enquire whether the original document contained color and, if so, to request color .JPG images.

3. Except as stated above, a Producing Party need not produce the same ESI in more than one form.

4. <u>Document Families.</u> A Producing Party may withhold small image files or extracted embedded files that are unresponsive or irrelevant, even if other documents in the same document family are responsive. A Producing Party shall not withhold documents on a claim of privilege merely because other documents in the same document family are privileged.

VII. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

1. <u>Motions</u>. Before filing any motion with the Court regarding electronic discovery or evidence, the Parties shall meet and confer in a good faith attempt to resolve such disputes.

2. <u>Costs of Document Production.</u> Unless this Court orders otherwise for good cause shown, each Party and Non-Party shall bear the costs of collecting, processing, reviewing, and producing its own documents.

3. <u>Effect of Order.</u> The Parties' agreement to this Order is without prejudice to the right of any Party or Non-Party to seek an order from the Court to rescind or amend this Order for good cause shown. Nothing in this Order abridges the rights of any person to seek judicial review or to pursue other appropriate judicial action with respect to any discovery ruling made by the Court in this matter.

4. <u>Integration/Appendices.</u> The following documents are incorporated herein by reference:

(a) "Appendix A" is a table describing the fields to be included in the databases produced by each Party.

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SO ORDERED this _____ day of _____, 2020,

HON. AMIT P. MEHTA U.S. District Judge

Appendix A

All requested fields are to be included in the data load file whether populated or not, with the exception of fields that are blank for the entirety of a production (e.g., fields specific to Microsoft Office applications where the producing party does not use Microsoft Office applications). A \checkmark indicates the record types to which the field normally applies. "Other ESI" includes ESI other than emails, calendars and messages.

Field Name	Field Description	Field Type	Hard Copy	Email	Other ESI	Calendar Items	IMs, Texts, Chats
DOCID	The unique sequential document control number of the first page of the document. Cannot contain spaces or special characters.	Note Text	~	\checkmark	~	\checkmark	~
ENDDOC	The unique sequential control number of the last page of the document. Cannot contain spaces or special characters.	Note Text	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	√
COMPANIES	Globally populated field containing the name of producing party (not the law firm or vendor name). Not pulled from metadata.	Multi-Entry	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
CUSTODIAN	Name of the individual, or group/department for shared resources, from whose files the document originated. Format: Last, First or ABC Dept. Use consistent naming and formatting across all productions.	Note Text	√	\checkmark	√	\checkmark	√
ALLCUSTODIANS	All custodians who were in possession of a deduplicated document, including the person or group identified in the CUSTODIAN field. Format: Last, First or ABC Dept. Use consistent naming and formatting across all productions.	Multi-Entry	1	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	1
MEDIAID	The unique identifier applied to each physical piece of media delivered (e.g., ABC001).	Note Text	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
VOLUMENAME	Unique production volume identifier applied (e.g., ABC001-001).	Note Text	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark

Field Name	Field Description	Field Type	Hard Copy	Email	Other ESI	Calendar Items	IMs, Texts, Chats
BEGATTACH	Used for documents in a family group (e.g. an email with attachments). Populated with the document control number of the parent document. Populated for each child document as well as the parent document.	Note Text	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	\checkmark	\checkmark
ENDATTACH	Used for documents in a family group (e.g. an email with attachments). Populated with the ENDDOC of the last child record in the family group. Populated for each child document as well as the parent document.	Note Text	~	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	~
EPROPERTIES	 Indicates record type, privilege, translation and other notations. Include all that apply, only the applicable record type or notation category names should be entered: Record Type: Edoc, Edoc Attachment, Email, Email Attachment, Hard Copy, Calendar, Text Message, Text Attachment, IM, Chat, Chat Attachment, Audio, Video, Voicemail. Other Notations: Placeholder, Translation, Translated. Privilege Notations: Redacted, Privileged, Family Member of Priv Doc. 	Multi-Entry	√ 	1	~	\checkmark	√
TIMEZONE	The TimeZone in which the custodian is normally located.	Note Text		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
FOLDERLABEL	Full folder path of email within a mail store when collected, including file name; or full folder path of instant message or text message when collected including file name; or Hard Copy folder/binder title/label. Prepend with Custodian Name (sample: Smith, James-Inbox\Active).	Multi-Entry	~	\checkmark		~	√
FROM	Sender of the Email, Instant Message, Text Message, Chat, or Calendar item.	Note Text		\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark
ТО	Primary recipients of the Email, Instant Message, Text Message, Chat, or Calendar Item. Separate multiple entries with a semi-colon followed by a space.	Multi-Entry		\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark

Field Name	Field Description	Field Type	Hard Copy	Email	Other ESI	Calendar Items	IMs, Texts, Chats
СС	Copies of the Email, Instant Message, Text Message, Chat or Calendar Item. Separate multiple entries with a semi-colon followed by a space.	Multi-Entry		\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark
BCC	Blind Copies of the Email, Instant Message, Text Message, Chat or Calendar Item. Separate multiple entries with a semi-colon followed by a space.	Multi-Entry		\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark
SUBJECT	Subject line of the Email, Instant Message, Text Message, Chat, calendar item, or Notes item.	Note Text		\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark
DATEHC	Date of hard copy documents, if coded. Format: MM/DD/YYYY. Leave time segment blank.	Date	\checkmark				
DATESENT	Date and time the Email, Instant Message, Text Message, Chat or Calendar Item was sent. Format: MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS (use 24 hour times, e.g., 13:32:00 for 1:32 pm); time zone indicators cannot be included).	Date-Time		\checkmark		\checkmark	1
DATERECEIVED	Date and time the Email, Instant Message, Text Message, Chat or Calendar Item was received. Format: MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS (use 24 hour times, e.g., 13:32:00 for 1:32 pm); time zone indicators cannot be included.	Date-Time		\checkmark		\checkmark	~
HEADER	The internet header information from each Email.	Note Text		\checkmark		\checkmark	
INTERNETMSGID	Internet message ID assigned by the outgoing mail server which typically includes messageid and a domain name. Example: 0E6648D558F338179524D555@m1p.innovy.net	Note Text		\checkmark		√	
MESSAGEID	Unique identifier of email messages in mail stores. EntryID for Microsoft Outlook, the UniqueID (UNID) for Lotus Notes, or equivalent value for other proprietary mail store formats.	Note Text		\checkmark		\checkmark	
INREPLYTOID	Internet message ID of the Email being replied to.	Note Text		\checkmark		\checkmark	
CONVERSATIONINDEX	Conversation index value for Microsoft Exchange emails.	Note Text		\checkmark		\checkmark	
IMPORTANCE	Indicates priority level set for message.	Note Text		\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark

Field Name	Field Description	Field Type	Hard Copy	Email	Other ESI	Calendar Items	IMs, Texts, Chats
DELIVERYRECEIPT	Delivery receipt request notification for Email messages.	Note Text		\checkmark		\checkmark	
READRECEIPT	Read Receipt request notification for Email messages.	Note Text		\checkmark		\checkmark	
SENSITIVITY	Sensitivity field from Email messages or calendar items.	Note Text		\checkmark		\checkmark	
REVISION	Revision number extracted from metadata of native file.	Note Text			\checkmark		
DATECREATED	Date and time the electronic file was created. Format: MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS (use 24 hour times, e.g., 13:32:00 for 1:32 pm); time zone indicators cannot be included).	Date-Time			√		√
DATESAVED	Date and time the electronic file was last modified. Format: MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS (use 24 hour times, e.g., 13:32:00 for 1:32 pm); time zone indicators cannot be included.	Date-Time			√		\checkmark
EORGANIZATION	"Company" field value pulled from the metadata of a native file.	Note Text			~		
EAUTHOR	Author field value pulled from the metadata of a native file.	Note Text			\checkmark		
LASTAUTHOR	Last Saved By field value pulled from metadata of a native file.	Note Text			\checkmark		
ESUBJECT	Title or Subject field value pulled from metadata from electronic file.	Note Text			\checkmark		
FILENAME	Original file name of the native file, including file extension.	Note Text		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
APPLICATION	Application used to create or transmit the original native files, document, message, appointment (e.g., WhatsApp, Excel, Slack, Outlook, Snapchat, Word, Twitter, Gmail, Tango).	Note Text		\checkmark	√	\checkmark	\checkmark
FILEEXTENSION	File extension of original native file; e.g. XLSX, PDF, DOCX	Max 5 chars		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
FILEPATH	Full qualified original path to the native when collected, including original file name. Prepend with recognizable Custodian Name; e.g. Smith, James- C\MyDocuments\Sales Info\ACME\2017-Monthly- Sales.xlsx	Multi-Entry		\checkmark	~	1	

Field Name	Field Description	Field Type	Hard Copy	Email	Other ESI	Calendar Items	IMs, Texts, Chats
DOCLINK	File path location to the current native file location on the delivery medium.	Note Text			\checkmark		
DATESTART	Start date and time of calendar appointments, voice messages, chats, text message conversations. Format: MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS (use 24 hour times, e.g., 13:32:00 for 1:32 pm); time zone indicators cannot be included.	Date-Time				\checkmark	~
DATEEND	End date and time of calendar appointments, voice messages, chats, text message conversations. Format: MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS (use 24 hour times, e.g., 13:32:00 for 1:32 pm); time zone indicators cannot be included.	Date-Time				\checkmark	~
ACCOUNT	Unique account ID	Note Text					\checkmark
DURATION	The elapsed time of the audio, video, voice message. Format HH:MM:SS	Note Text			\checkmark		
DIRECTION	Identifies direction of communication or other routing information; Outgoing, Incoming.	Note Text					\checkmark
TXT-CHATROOMNAME	Name of chat room used in the communications.	Note Text					\checkmark
TXT-PARTICIPANTS	List of participant names and/or telephone numbers.	Note Text					\checkmark
TXT-BODY	Body of text messages, instant messages, notes, or chats. Do not populate for emails or calendar items.	Note Text					\checkmark
TXT-STATUS	Indicates whether text was Sent or Read on the device.	Note Text					\checkmark
TXT-THREAD-GROUP	Populate with the DOCID of the first text in a conversation or chat.	Note Text					\checkmark
HASHMD5	Document MD5 hash value (used for deduplication or other processing).	Note Text		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
HASHSHA	Document SHA hash value (used for deduplication or other processing).	Note Text		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark